



Liquidity Coverage Ratio Disclosure as required by RBI circular DoR.LRG.REC.No.274/13-10-004/2025-26 dated 28 November 2025 for Clix Capital Services Pvt. Ltd. as of March 31, 2026

Qualitative Disclosure

Pursuant to the RBI guidelines on Liquidity Risk Management framework vide RBI/2025-26/--DoR.LRG.REC.No.274/13-10-004/2025-26 dated 28 November 2025, the Liquidity Coverage Ratio ("LCR") requirement is applicable for non-deposit taking NBFCs with an Asset size of Rs. 5,000 crore and above.

The Company shall maintain LCR of minimum 100 per cent (i.e., the stock of HQLA shall at least equal total net cash outflows) on an ongoing basis.

LCR denotes the Stock of High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) held as against the total net cash out flows over the next 30 days. LCR seeks to ensure that the Company has an adequate stock of unencumbered High-Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) that can be converted into cash easily and immediately to meet its liquidity needs over next 30 calendar days under liquidity stress scenario.

Following are the main drivers and the evolution of the contribution of inputs to the LCR's calculation over time:

1. High Quality Liquid Assets

The Company has carried the sufficient stock of unencumbered Cash balance, Bank balance, Government Securities and Debt based mutual funds i.e. overnight and liquid. The components of HQLA are as follows:

Particulars	Quarter ended 31 st March 2026
	(Average)
Bank Balances	6,289
Government Securities & Treasury Bills	16,202
Mutual funds	33,970
Total	56,461

2. Cash Outflows

a. Secured and Unsecured wholesale Funding:

It contained the amount of borrowings principal and interest repayable over next 30 days as per contractual maturity.

b. Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements

The Company did not undertake any derivative transaction during the period under reporting. During the period, the Company has entered into derivative transactions to hedge its balance sheet liability exposure. Accordingly, the net positive MTM and/or the net negative MTM have been considered as inflow and outflow based on cash flows.

c. Outflows related to loss of funding on Debt products:

The Company is not involved in any such transaction during the period under reporting.

d. Other contractual funding obligations:

All amounts are in Rs. Lakhs unless otherwise specified

It includes the Trade Payables, other payable, and other liabilities that are expected to be paid within next 30 days.

e. Other contingent funding obligations:

It includes Outflows on account of Off Balance sheet exposure which includes Loan commitments pending for disbursement and Corporate Guarantees that are expected to be paid within next 30 days.

3. Cash inflows

a. Secured Lending:

There is no secured lending transaction backed by HQLA during the reporting period and margin lending backed by all other collateral is included in the fully performing exposures.

b. Inflows from Fully performing exposures:

Inflow from fully performing exposure includes the Loans & Advances payments that are fully performing and are due within 30 calendar days.

c. Other Cash inflows:

It includes the other assets such as other receivables and off balance sheet exposures including the Lines of credit are due within 30 calendar days.

It is being taken into consideration that if an asset is included as part of HQLA the associated cash inflows are not counted as cash inflows.

4. Intra Period Changes

The LCR for Quarter 4 i.e. January'26- March'26 is 416% Versus Quarter 3 i.e. October'25- December'25 is 488% which is well above the minimum prescribed requirement of 100%.

5. Concentration of Funding

Major Source of Borrowing for company are Term loans, Foreign Currency Term Loans, External Commercial Borrowings, Non-convertible debentures, Commercial Papers and Pass through certificates Instruments. In addition to these instruments Cash Credit and Working Capital demand loans lines are also availed by the company.

6. Derivative exposures and potential collateral calls.

The Company did not undertake any derivative trading transaction during the period under reporting. However, the company has entered into derivative transactions to hedge its balance sheet liability exposure and has accordingly considered in its computation purposes.

LCR disclosure as per RBI guidelines is given in appendix I

All amounts are in Rs. Lakhs unless otherwise specified

Appendix I - LCR Disclosure:

		For the quarter ended 31 st March 2026	
	Total Unweighted Value (average)	Total Unweighted Value (average)	Total Weighted Value (average)
High Quality Liquid Assets			
1	Total HQLA	56,461	56,461
Cash Outflows			
2	Deposits	-	-
3	Unsecure wholesale funding	1,667	1,917
4	Secured wholesale funding	21,650	24,897
5	Additional requirements	2,445	2,812
(I)	Outflows related to derivative exposures	2,445	2,812
(II)	Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	-	-
(III)	Credit and liquidity facilities	-	-
6	Other contractual funding obligations	18,867	21,697
7	Other contingent funding obligations	2,549	2,932
8	TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS	47,178	54,255
Cash Inflows			
9	Secured lending	-	-
10	Inflows from fully performing exposures	23,283	17,462
11	Other cash inflows	59,171	44,378
12	TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	82,454	61,840
Total Adjusted Value			
13	TOTAL HQLA	-	56,461
14	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS	-	13,564
15	LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)	-	416%

All amounts are in Rs. Lakhs unless otherwise specified